

# TGA: a web tool for Time Group Analysis

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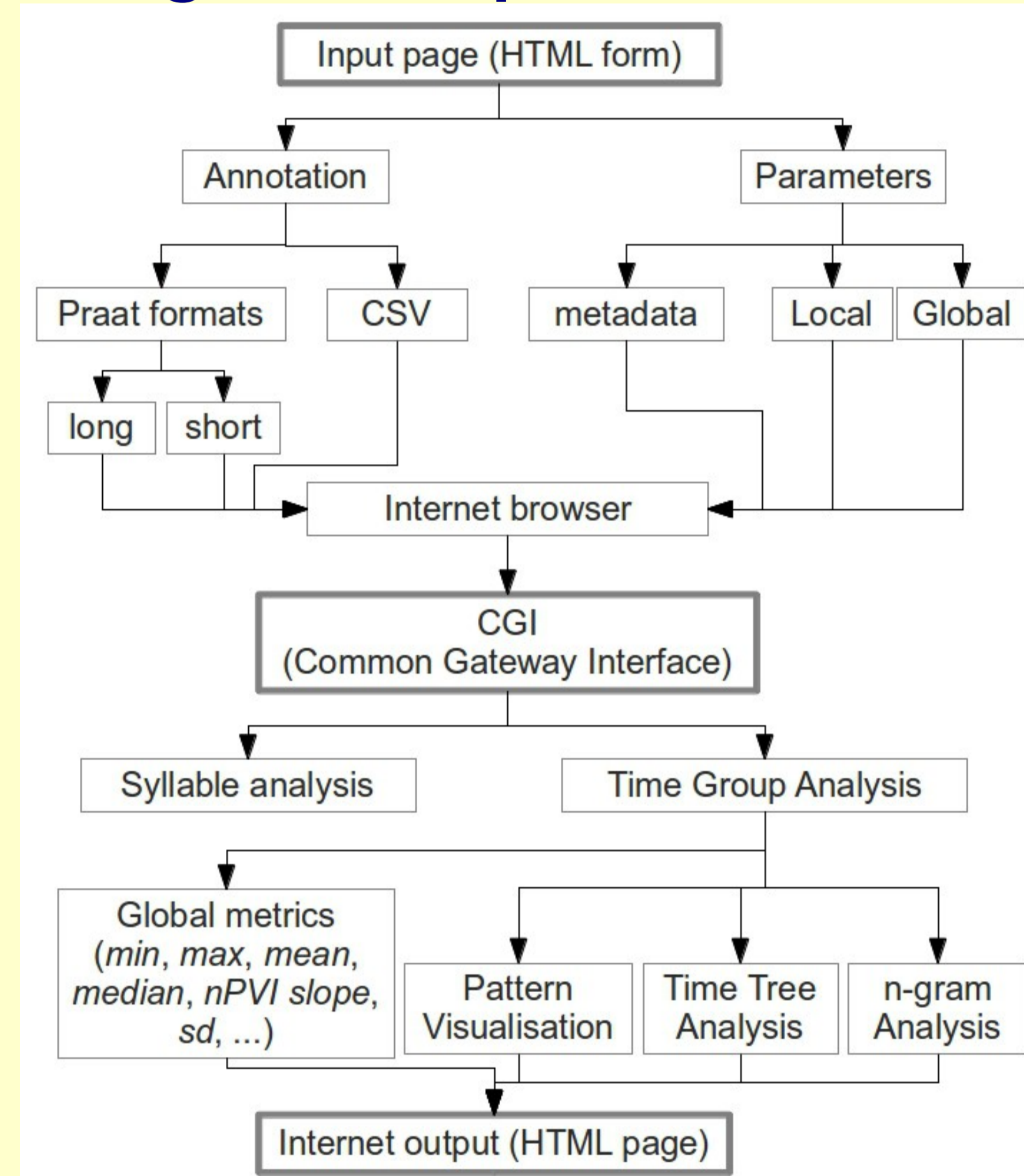
## Requirements specification

- Annotation mining is the extraction of information from annotations, e.g. Praat TextGrids.
- In speech technology, annotated data are generally mined (semi-)automatically and efficiently.
- In phonetics, manual mining (with Praat visualisations) or semi-manual mining (with Praat TextGrid files), plus spreadsheet calculations, is common, but inefficient.
- The *Time Group Analyser* is designed to support phoneticians by performing a wide range of relevant computational tasks:
  - extract durations from TextGrids to table format,
  - calculate basic descriptive statistics, slope, *nPVI* ...,
  - construct novel visualisations of timing structure:
    - iambic/trochaic *Difference Tokens* for study of rhythm,
    - Time Trees* for comparison with language structure.

## Summary statistics:

Summary table of global and accumulated TG duration functions (some do make sense...)					
Time Group criterion: pausegroup, local threshold: 10, Min valid TG length: 2					
Only inter-pause intervals measured; pauses not included					
Overall duration:	6070	Overall raw longer, ms:	1510	Overall raw shorter, ms:	1410
Overall min:	50.00	Overall max:	500.00	Overall range:	450.00
Valid Time Groups:	4	Overall rate/sec:	5.11		
<b>Components: global tendencies</b>					
Overall mean:	195.81	Overall median:	160.00	Overall SD:	102.26
Overall npvi:	54.00	Overall intercept:	192.18	Overall slope:	0.24
Mean of means:	196.00	Median of means:	194.50	SD of means:	23.89
Mean of medians:	187.50	Median of medians:	170.00	SD of medians:	43.95
Mean of SDs:	93.25	Median of SDs:	89.12	SD of SDs:	18.97
Mean of nPVIs:	58.00	Median of nPVIs:	52.00	SD of nPVIs:	5.59
Mean of intercepts:	154.94	Median of intercepts:	137.78	SD of intercepts:	56.84
Mean of slopes:	7.52	Median of slopes:	9.90	SD of slopes:	14.97
<b>Components: correlations</b>					
mean::TGdur:	0.384	median::TGdur:	-0.296	SD::TGdur:	0.935
nPVI::TGdur:	-0.623	slope::TGdur:	0.875	intercept::TGdur:	-0.762
nPVI::mean:	0.408	slope::mean:	-0.020	intercept::mean:	0.288
nPVI::median:	0.931	slope::median:	-0.710	intercept::median:	0.832
nPVI::SD:	-0.317	slope::SD:	0.666	intercept::SD:	-0.483

## Design and implementation\*



Python 2.7, CGI

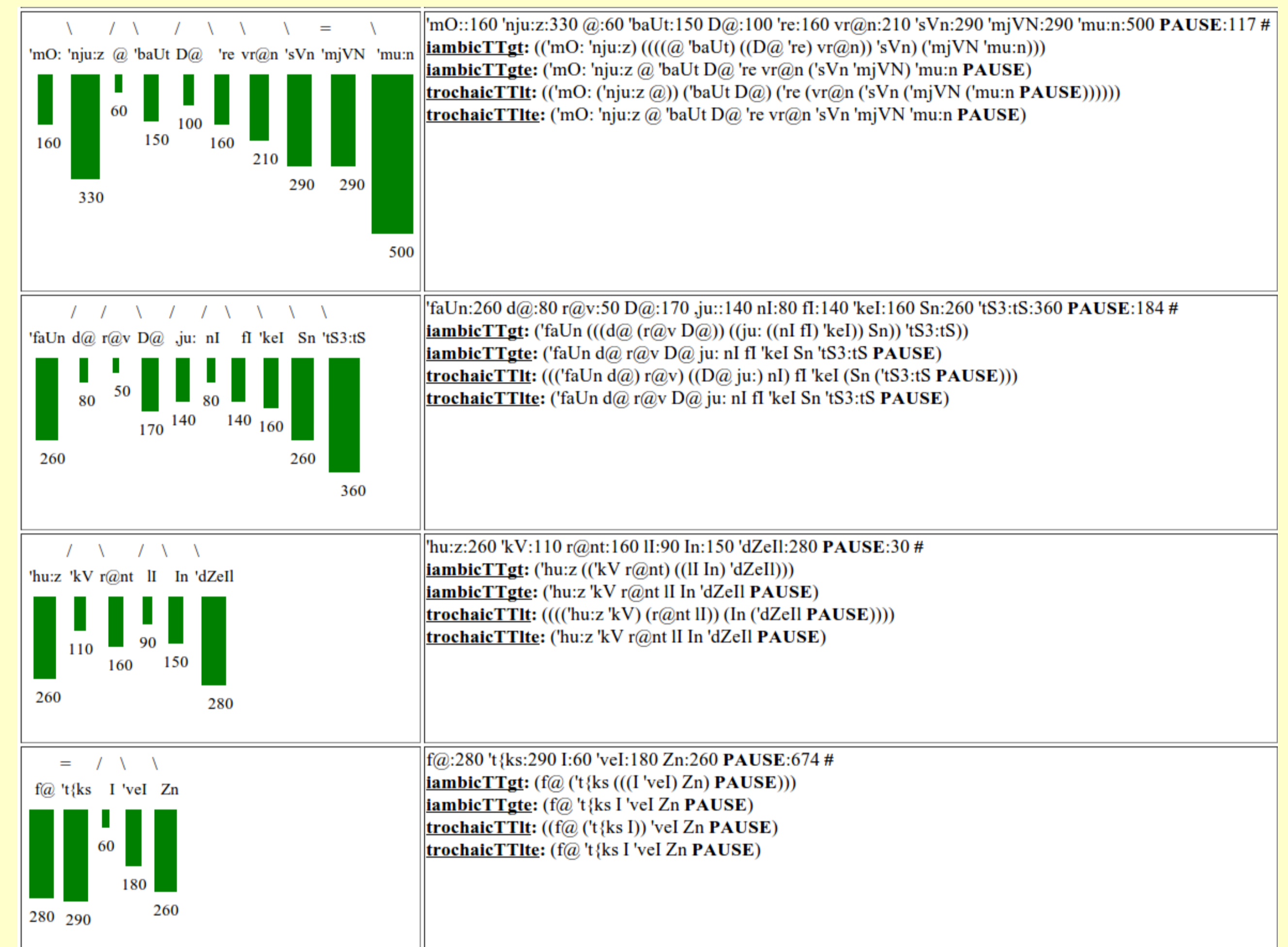
### Input:

- Praat TextGrid (long or short),
- CSV (Character Separated Values, with various separator chars).

### Output:

- HTML with text, syllable props, pausal group stats, *Diff Tokens*, *Time Trees*,
- CSV for further processing.

## Difference Token Patterns and Time Tree Induction:



## Samples of output type (from Aix-MARSEC)

### Text extraction:

```

_
'mO: 'nju:z @ 'baUt D@ 're vr@n 'sVn 'mjVN 'mu:n _
'faUn d@ r@v D@ ,ju: nI fl 'keI Sn 'tS3:tS _
'hu:z 'kV r@nt II In 'dZell _
f@ 't{kS I 'veI Zn _
    
```

### Syllable duration properties:

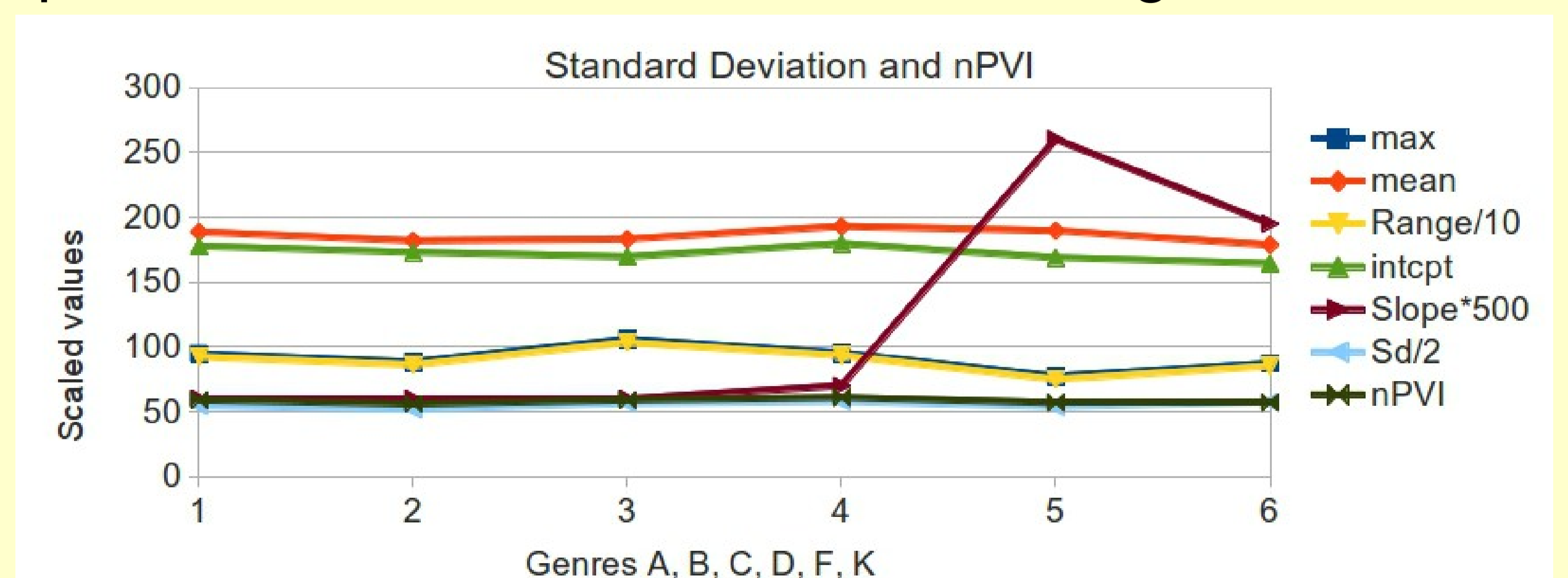
Duration properties (syllables)			
Attributes	Values	Attributes	Values
n:	31	intercept:	192.177
min:	50	slope:	0.242
max:	500	std:	102.258
mean:	195.81	nPVI:	54
median:	160.0	rPVI:	97
total:	6070	100*rPVI/med:	61
range:	450	nPVI*med/100:	86

## Token n-gram distribution:

<b>Difference unigram ranks and counts (n=35):</b>	
1.[46%(16):=]	2.[26%(9):=]
3.[11%(4):=]	4.[11%(4):=]
5.[6%(2):=]	
<b>Difference digram ranks and counts (n=31):</b>	
1.[23%(7):=]	2.[23%(7):=]
3.[13%(4):=]	4.[13%(4):=]
5.[6%(2):=]	6.[6%(2):=]
7.[3%(1):=]	8.[3%(1):=]
9.[3%(1):=]	10.[3%(1):=]
11.[3%(1):=]	
<b>Difference trigram ranks and counts (n=27):</b>	
1.[15%(4):=]	2.[11%(3):=]
3.[11%(3):=]	4.[11%(3):=]
5.[11%(3):=]	6.[7%(2):=]
7.[4%(1):=]	8.[4%(1):=]
9.[4%(1):=]	10.[4%(1):=]
11.[4%(1):=]	12.[4%(1):=]
13.[4%(1):=]	14.[4%(1):=]
15.[4%(1):=]	
<b>Difference quadgram ranks and counts (n=23):</b>	
1.[9%(2):=]	2.[9%(2):=]
3.[9%(2):=]	4.[9%(2):=]
5.[4%(1):=]	6.[4%(1):=]
7.[4%(1):=]	8.[4%(1):=]
9.[4%(1):=]	10.[4%(1):=]
11.[4%(1):=]	12.[4%(1):=]
13.[4%(1):=]	14.[4%(1):=]
15.[4%(1):=]	16.[4%(1):=]
17.[4%(1):=]	18.[4%(1):=]
19.[4%(1):=]	
<b>Difference quingram ranks and counts (n=19):</b>	
1.[11%(2):=]	2.[5%(1):=]
3.[5%(1):=]	4.[5%(1):=]
5.[5%(1):=]	6.[5%(1):=]
7.[5%(1):=]	8.[5%(1):=]
9.[5%(1):=]	10.[5%(1):=]
11.[5%(1):=]	12.[5%(1):=]
13.[5%(1):=]	14.[5%(1):=]
15.[5%(1):=]	16.[5%(1):=]
17.[5%(1):=]	18.[5%(1):=]

## Applications in timing analysis

Comparison of measures in Aix-MARSEC genres:



- See also Yu (TRASP 2013) for application to Mandarin varieties.
- Conclusion:** TGA tool facilitates efficient timing analysis.

